

## Criteria for “Good” Models

- Represents an event/process(phenomenon) not a thing.
- The model visually resembles phenomenon and includes labels and descriptions that help tell a “causal” story(how/why).

Examples of helpful descriptions/starters:

- First...
  - But...
  - Because...
  - Then...
  - So...
  - Therefore...
  - Meanwhile...
  - And...
  - Finally...
  - Questions we still have...\*How might we test that?
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- Representations include BOTH observable and unobservable features/events/processes.
  - Models should be revised over time as we gather new evidence from our investigations.